

OUTLINE OF UZBEK GRAMMAR

(from *O'zbek Tili*, by M. Usmonova, E. Azlarov and Gh. Sharipov, Toshkent: O'qituvchi, 1991)

1. So'z turkumlari (Parts of Speech)

- a) Mustaqil so'z turkumlari (independent parts of speech)
 - i) Ot (noun)
 - ii) Sifat (adjective)
 - iii) Son (numeral)
 - iv) Olmosh (pronoun)
 - v) Fe'l (verb)
 - vi) Ravish (adverb)
- b) Yordamchi so'z turkumlari (helping parts of speech)
 - i) Ko'makchi (postposition)
 - ii) Bog'lovchi (conjunction)
 - iii) Yuklama (particle)

2. Otlar (Nouns)

- a) Atoqli otlar (proper nouns)
- b) Turdosh otlar (common nouns)
- c) Egalik affikslari (possessive affixes)
- d) Kelishiklar (case endings)
 - i) Bosh kelishik (nominative case) --
 - ii) Qaratqich kelishigi (genitive case) -ning
 - iii) Jo'nalish kelishigi (dative case) -ga, -ka, -qa
 - iv) Tushum kelishigi (accusative case) -ni
 - v) O'rin-payt kelishigi (locative case) -da
 - vi) Chiqish kelishigi (ablative case) -dan
- e) Otlarning yasalishi (noun formation)
 - i) People: -chi, -dosh, -kash, -bon, -paz, -dor, -shunos, -xon, -soz, -kor
 - ii) Places: -zor, -iston, -xona
 - iii) Abstract things: -lik, -chilik
- f) Qo'shma otlar (compound nouns)
- g) Juft otlar (paired nouns)
- h) Qisqartma otlar (abbreviated nouns)

3. Sifatlar (Adjectives)

- a) Sifat darajalari (comparative and superlative)
- b) Sifatlarning yasalishi (adjective formation)
 - i) -li, -siz, -chan, -chil, -aki
 - ii) Russian (Latinated) suffixes: -ik, -iv, -al, -ion

- iii) -ik, -iq, -uk, -uq, -ma, -qoq, -choq, -chiq, -kir, -gir, -qir, -g'ir, -g'in, -kin, -gin, -qin, -ag'on, -g'ich, -gich, -mon
- iv) ser-, kam-, nim-, g'ayri-, ko'p-, umum-, butun-

4. Sonlar (Numerals)

- a) Dona sonlar (counting numerals): -ta
- b) Taqsim sonlar (division numerals): -tadan
- c) Jamlovchi sonlar (collective numerals): -ov, -ala, -lab
- d) Kasr sonlar (fraction numerals): -dan
- e) Tartib sonlar (ordinal numerals): -(i)nchi
- f) Vaqt hisobi (telling time)

5. Olmoshlar (Pronouns)

- a) Kishilik olmoshlari (personal pronouns): men, sen, u, biz, siz, ular
- b) O'zlik olmoshlari (reflexive pronouns): o'zim, o'zing, o'zi, o'zimiz, o'zingiz, o'zlari
- c) Ko'rsatish olmoshlari (demonstrative pronouns): u, bu, shu, o'sha, mana, mana bu, ana, ana u
- d) So'rok olmoshlari (interrogative pronouns): kim, nima, qanday, qanaqa, qaysi, qachon, qancha, necha, nechta, nechanchi
- e) Belgilash olmoshlari (definite pronouns): har kim, har nima, har qaysi, hamma, barcha
- f) Bo'lishsizlik olmoshlari (negative pronouns): hech kim, hech chima, hech qachon, hech qaysi, hech qaerda, hech qanday
- g) Gumon olmoshlari (indefinite pronouns): kimdir, nimadir, qandaydir, qanchadir, allakim, allanima, allaqanday, allaqancha, allaqaysi, allanechuk, bir necha, bir qancha, bir nima, bir narsa, ba'zi, birov, biron

6. Fe'llar (Verbs)

- a) Fe'lning noaniq formasi (base/indefinite form of the verb)
- b) O'timli va o'timsiz fe'llar (transitive and intransitive verbs)
- c) Fe'l nisbatlari (voices)
 - i) Aniq nisbat (active voice)
 - ii) O'zlik nisbat (reflexive voice)
 - iii) Majhul nisbat (passive voice)
 - iv) Birgalik nisbat (reciprocal voice)
 - v) Ortirma nisbat (causative voice)
- d) sifatdoshlar (participles)
 - i) O'tgan zamon sifatdoshi (past participle): -gan, -kan, -qan
 - ii) Hozirgi zamon sifatdoshi (present participle): -yotgan
 - iii) Hozirgi-kelasi zamon sifatdoshi (present-future participle): -adigan, -ydigan
 - iv) Kelasi zamon sifatdoshi (future participle): -ar, -r, -mas
- e) Ravishdoshlar (gerunds)

- i) -a, -y
- ii) -b, -ib
- f) Harakat nomi (verbal nouns)
 - i) -sh, -ish, -v, -uv, -moq
 - ii) Use with kerak, mumkin, uchun
- g) Fe'l mayllari (moods)
 - i) Buyruq mayli (imperative mood)
 - ii) Shart mayli (conditional mood)
- h) Fe'llarning zamoni (tenses)
 - i) Hozirgi-kelasi zamon fe'li (present-future tense): kelaman
 - ii) Hozirgi zamon davom fe'li (present continuous tense): kelayapman, kelmoqdaman
 - iii) Aniq o'tgan zamon fe'li (indefinite/simple past tense): keldim
 - iv) Yaqin o'tgan zamon fe'li (recent past/present perfect tense): kelganman
 - v) Uzoq o'tgan zamon fe'li (distant past/past perfect tense): kelgan edim
 - vi) O'tgan zamon davom fe'li (past continuous tense): kelar edim
 - vii) Kelasi zamon fe'li (future tense): kelarman
 - viii) Kelasi zamon maqsad fe'li (future intentional tense): kelmoqchiman
- i) Fe'llarning yasalishi (verb formation)
- j) Qo'shma fe'l (compound verbs)
 - i) olmoq (-a, -b)
 - ii) bermoq (-a, -b)
 - iii) qolmoq (-a, -b)
 - iv) bo'lmoq (-b)
 - v) chiqmoq (-b)
 - vi) yubormoq (-b)
 - vii) qo'ymoq (-b)
 - viii) yurmoq (-b)
 - ix) o'tirmoq (-b)
 - x) turmoq (-b)
 - xi) kelmoq (-b)

7. Ravishlar (Adverbs)

- a) Holat ravishi (adverbs of manner)
- b) Payt ravishi (adverbs of time)
- c) O'rin ravishi (adverbs of place)
- d) Daraja-miqdor ravishi (adverbs of degree)

8. Ko'makchilar (Postpositions)

- a) Asl ko'makchilar (basic postpositions: only used as postpositions): bilan, uchun, sari, singari, kabi, uzra, sayin, yanglig'
- b) Ot ko'makchilar (noun postpositions: also used as nouns, adjectives or adverbs): old, orqa, yon, o'rta, tomon, ust, past, tashqari, burun, ilgari, keyin, oldin, beri, buyon, bo'yicha, sababli, qarshi
- c) Fe'l ko'makchilar (verb postpositions: formed from verbs): ko'ra, yarasha, qarab, boshlab, tortib, qarama, qaraganda

9. Bog'lovchilar (Conjunctions)

- a) Teng bog'lovchilar (co-ordinating conjunctions)
 - i) Biriktiruv bog'lovchilar (combining conjunctions): va, ham, hamda, bilan, esa, bo'lsa, bo'lmasa, -da
 - ii) Zidlov bog'lovchilar (contrasting conjunctions): ammo, lekin, biroq
 - iii) Ayiruv bog'lovchilar (disjunctive conjunctions): yo, yoki, yoxud, ba'zan... ba'zan..., goh... goh...
- b) Ergashtiruvchi bog'lovchilar (subordinating conjunctions): chunki, shuning uchun, go'yo, agar

10. Yuklamalar (Particles)

- a) So'z-yuklamalar (word particles): hatto, nahotki, axir
- b) Affiks-yuklamalar (affix particles): -gina, -mi, -chi, -da, -oq, -ku, -dir

11. Modal so'zlar (Modal Words)

- a) albatta, shubhasiz, haqiqatan, darhaqiqat
- b) ehtimol, balki, hoynahon, aftidan, chamasi
- c) kerak, lozim, zarur, darkor
- d) bor, mayli, xo'p, to'g'ri, tuzuk
- e) yo'q
- f) demak, xullas, modomiki
- g) darvoqe, aytgandek, aytmoqchi
- h) afsus, attang, esiz

12. Undov so'zlar (Exclamations)

- a) e, eh, ey, aha, oh, uh, him, he, ha, uf, o'ho', ura
- b) tu-tu-tu, beh-beh, ho'o'sh, pish-pish, mosh-mosh, quray-quray, bah-bah, kisht, chu, ho'o'k

13. Taqlidiy so'zlar (Onomatopoeic Words)

- a) tars-turs, qars-qurs, yalt-yult, gumbur-gumbur, do'p-do'p
- b) dir-dir, lip-lip, gup-gup, duv-duv, shuv-shuv, qult-qult, g'ir-g'ir, yalt-yalt, mo'lt-mo'lt, miq-miq